

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease

A LIFEWISE DOCUMENTATION AND CODING SERIES FOR PROVIDERS

Overview

Approximately 15.7 million people in the United States were diagnosed with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) in 2015 and experts at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention believe millions more go undiagnosed every yearⁱ. Respiratory conditions associated with COPD are often overlooked when documenting and coding the disease, which results in inaccurate coding and a misrepresentation of the true clinical risk of people with COPD.

Three different diseases can be classified as COPD:

- Chronic obstructive asthma
- Chronic obstructive bronchitis
- Emphysema

Many patients diagnosed with COPD have both emphysema and chronic

bronchitis. This makes documentation and coding more complex, but it's essential to capture an accurate picture of the patient's health status.

The following conditions are included under the term of Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in the ICD-10-CM:

Asthma with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	Chronic emphysematous bronchitis	
Chronic asthmatic (obstructive) bronchitis	Chronic obstructive asthma	
Chronic bronchitis with airway obstruction	Chronic obstructive bronchitis	
Chronic bronchitis with emphysema	Chronic obstructive tracheobronchitis	

Documentation and Coding

Keep the following in mind when documenting COPD:

- If documenting asthma with COPD, indicate the type of asthma the patient has as one of these types:
 - o Mild intermittent or persistent
 - o Moderate persistent
 - Severe persistent
- For COPD with acute lower respiratory infection, document the type of infection
- Indicate the acute exacerbation if present

- List any history of tobacco use, abuse, dependence, environmental exposure, or occupational exposure
- Document any treatment and diagnostic tests, such as oxygen, bronchodilators, PFT (pulmonary function test), or chest X-rays

Always document and code to the highest specificity. For example:

Documentation example	Correct ICD-10 code(s)	Comments
COPD with asthma	• J44.9, COPD, unspecified	A code for asthma is not needed
and history of tobacco	• Z87.891, personal history of	since the type of asthma isn't
dependence	nicotine dependence	documented; you do need a code for
		history of tobacco dependence.
COPD with acute	J44.9, COPD, unspecified	A code for asthma is needed since the
exacerbation of	• J45.41, moderate persistent	type of asthma is documented. Also
moderate persistent	asthma, with (acute) exacerbation	code the status of oxygen dependence
asthma, oxygen	Z99.81, dependence on	and history of tobacco dependence.
dependent. History of 15	supplemental oxygen	
years of tobacco	Z87.891, personal history of	
dependence.	nicotine dependence	
COPD with	• J44.0, COPD with acute	An additional code for acute
acute	lower respiratory infection	bronchitis is not needed.
Decompensated COPD	• J44.1, COPD with (acute)	Exacerbation is defined as a
	exacerbation	decompensation of a chronic condition
Emphysema with	• J44.9, COPD, unspecified	J44.9 includes chronic bronchitis with
chronic obstructive		emphysema, so an additional code for
bronchitis		emphysema is not needed.

Other Helpful Tips

COPD is a chronic condition and may affect patient care even in the absence of active treatment. If a patient presents with a problem that is impacted by his or her COPD, document the affect the COPD has on the problem and include COPD as an additional diagnosis code(s) to convey the clinical complexity of the patient.

For more information about documentation and coding of COPD or any other chronic or complex condition, contact your Quality and Risk Adjustment Provider Clinical Consultant.

ⁱ https://www.cdc.gov/copd/basics-about.html